

A SCIENTIFIC INNOVATIONS AND TECHNOLOGY PODCAST

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TGT1

Interviewer : Good evening, today, I will ask you questions about if we « should, would and could » use technology and social media for :

_Propaganda_Misinformation

_Disinformation_Distracton_Fake News

Or, for :

Collaborating_Sharing knowledge_For school results/ homework ?

Me : Good evening, I will respond to your question, but we must take also the risks of technology, the advantages, and the responsibility of the student.

Interviewer : So, we will start with the words that I gave you :

_Propaganda_Misinformation

_Disinformation_Distracton_Fake News

Should we use the technology for this purpose ?

Me : Well, for me, the social media and technology and what we do with this is only a tool. The most important thing is the purpose of the person and what they will do with it...

Using social medias for confusing people, doing pranks and for a bad intention is not a wise thing to do. And spreading false information, insulting and defaming people online, or even share inappropriate things or rumours just to have attention or popularity is not a good thing to do.

The problem is that doing these kinds of things can be very dangerous and can cause harm, for me using social media for these kind of things is not good and we should not do things. Even if it's forbidden by the law, it's a very morally reprehensible action.

Interviewer : Alright, that's your opinion and we respect this but now, what do you think about sharing knowledge, work, learning faster, and using social media for school results or homework ?

Me : For a person who will use their tools for sharing, collaborating, and use technology to work at school is a very good thing. A person that will use social medias for a project, to train themselves, to do homework and results is a good thing to do, and for many reasons : firstly because it's legal, it harms nobody and that's a very productive way to use social medias. We can use technology for a group work, a presentation, to full fill a document or to share an information with co-workers.

But there is a limit to everything, even with social media. Social media can become very addictive and reprehensible, it can be a source of distraction for the student and keep

them away from working, and with the evolution of artificial intelligence, students will sometimes use now AI to make their homework and do the work for them. It's the role of the student to use social media wisely and not everytime, and not for cheating during exams, neither homework-

Interviewer : Thank you ! Now, we will make the list of the important words and their translation in French, and their meanings :

Fake news (Intox) : It means false information about events or peoples sometimes used to shock people, scare them or to have attention. The Fake news are always never verified by any trustable source.

Example : Someone who spreads a false information about something like an event, an accident or a « faits divers » is « Fake news ». If someone says that the end of the world is tomorrow, that's a Fake news.

Misinformation (misinformation) : Is the spreading of false rumors, but not by purpose, by a misinterpretation of the news, or a inability to make the difference between what's false and what's true.

Example : When someone who sees disturbing news, shares and spread it, not knowing that the information is not true, or verified

Disinformation (Désinformation) : Is the spreading of false rumors or information on purpose.

Example : If someone purposely share a shocking but false information to gain subscribers on his channel or to scare people, that's disinformation.

Propaganda (Propagande) : Is the action of spreading news following a biased narrative, a politically oriented narrative. Most of the times, Propaganda is to make our opinions or ideas seems the best and the rival/enemy's seems the worst. To make the rival/enemy's image seems the worst, even if these are lies.

Example : If someone report a new, but narrates it to put the blame on a group of people, a rival political party or to serve a biased narrative, that's propaganda.

Interviewer : That's the end, thank you to have listened us till the end. See you next time.